

Help Make the Most of Your MF Healthcare Appointments

10 Tips to Help You Prepare

For individuals living with the rare, chronic blood cancer known as MF, visits with your care team are an important part of managing your condition. With the **growing availability of telemedicine**, patients are now increasingly able to supplement **in-office** visits with **telehealth or virtual visits**, which enable patients and Healthcare Professionals to connect remotely, via telephone, tablet, or computer.

No matter which type of healthcare appointment you plan to have, the following tips can help you take an active role in your ongoing care by helping you prepare for informed, meaningful discussions with your MF care team about the topics that are most important to you.



Throughout this guide, you may use the interactive fields to complete and print your responses and share them with your care team.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

Jakafi can cause serious side effects, including: Low blood counts: Jakafi® (ruxolitinib) may cause your platelet, red blood cell, or white blood cell counts to be lowered. If you develop bleeding, stop taking Jakafi and call your healthcare provider. Your healthcare provider will perform blood tests to check your blood counts before you start Jakafi and regularly during your treatment. Your healthcare provider may change your dose of Jakafi or stop your treatment based on the results of your blood tests. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you develop or have worsening symptoms such as unusual bleeding, bruising, tiredness, shortness of breath. or a fever.



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Begin With the Basics



Having a good MF care visit appointment begins with making sure that you are well informed and well prepared. The following checklists are designed to help ensure that you have all of the basic information you may need for a successful visit—whether that appointment is in person, online, or over the phone.

What you can do in advance of your appointment:



Set/confirm the date, time, and location of your appointment



Prepare for expected fees or copayments



Complete all required paperwork, lab work, and medical procedures as requested by your Healthcare Professional



Collect copies of any recent lab reports, medical records, and MF tracking information (such as a notebook or tracking diary)



Create a list of questions or concerns that you want to discuss with your care team and have this with you during your appointment



Have an updated list of all the medications that you are currently taking, including vitamins, supplements, and over-the-counter medications



Be prepared to take notes

For an In-Person Visit:

- ✓ Arrange for transportation, if necessary
- Ask about in-office safety measures and/or waiting room protocols
- Have your health insurance card and other personal identification
- Confirm if a caregiver or loved one can attend, if desired
- Consider silencing your mobile device so you can focus on the visit

For a *Telehealth* Visit:

- Choose a quiet, private spot with minimal distractions and a reliable internet connection
- Ensure your computer, tablet, or smartphone is compatible with the video conferencing program used by your Healthcare Professional
 - Ask if you need to download any new technology or "app" on your computer or phone
- Request a contact number for technology support in the event of a technical issue
- ✓ Avoid multitasking so you can focus on the visit

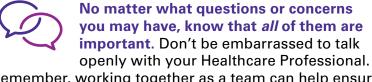
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Advocate for Yourself by Asking Questions



When you have a chronic condition like MF, it's important to actively advocate for your own care. Asking questions helps you do this—enabling you to address your topics of interest or concern. Before your appointments, write down your questions and concerns in a notebook and bring it with you to every appointment. To help you get started, some sample questions you may want to discuss include:

> What aspects of my MF do you want me to keep track of?	> What should I do if I feel weak or tired?
> What symptoms or health concerns do you need to know about right away?	> What potential complications of MF should I be aware of?
> What types of tests or procedures will I need to schedule?	> Other
> Other	> Other



Remember, working together as a team can help ensure that you get the best possible care for you.



Learn about IncyteCARES*

IncyteCARES is a patient support program for eligible patients taking Jakafi® (ruxolitinib). It offers ongoing education and resources, including a program that could make your copay as little as \$0.*

^{*}Terms and Conditions apply. Terms of this program may change at any time.



Commit to Being a Good Communicator



Having an open, informed conversation with your Healthcare Professional is an excellent way to take an active role in your care. The following tips can help guide your ongoing communication with your care team:



Use your written list of your questions and concerns to help guide the conversation with your care team



Don't withhold important information about your health or how you've been feeling. Make sure to note and share any changes in your health since your last appointment—even if you're not sure they're related to your MF



Take notes during the appointment or have a loved one or caregiver attend the appointment and take notes for you



Know that it's ok to ask for an explanation if you don't understand something. It's important that you are able to fully understand what's going on with your health and treatment plan(s)



Be specific—detailed answers offer valuable insights that may help guide your ongoing care



Ask for detailed information about your diagnosis, lab results, and treatment plan, as well as any follow-up items. This is important information about your health



Share All of Your MF Symptoms



Every MF journey is unique, and it's important to understand how MF can affect your body over time. Although the type and severity of MF symptoms can vary from person to person, it's important to be aware of how your individual symptoms may be changing over time. This can help you partner with your care team to help identify possible signs of disease progression.

How your condition makes you feel depends upon your individual circumstances. That's why it's important to **tell your Healthcare Professional about how MF has been affecting you**. This includes information about any impact on your daily routines and activity levels. Before your next appointment, consider asking yourself the following questions:

> What, if any, changes in my health have I experienced since my last visit?

Common MF symptoms may include:

Itching | Night sweats | Bone and muscle pain | Abdominal discomfort* | Early feeling of fullness* | Pain under the left ribs*

*Symptoms related to an enlarged spleen

	Night Sweats	Itching	Bone/Muscle Pain	Fatigue	Abdominal Discomfort	Early Feeling of Fullness	Pain Under the Left Ribs
Increase							
Decrease							
No Change							
→ How long	ı have I been expe	eriencing the	se changes?			v that I was able to d aat you are no longer ab	•
Have my activity levels changed? If so, how? For example, are there activities that you can no longer enjoy?			What am I unable to do now that I was able to do 6 months ago For example, are you now unable to eat as much food without feeling full				



Share your responses with your Healthcare Professional. Be sure to mention *all* of the changes in how you've been feeling—even if you're not sure they are related to your MF. This information may provide valuable insights that may help guide your ongoing care.



Ask About Your Spleen Size



In MF, the spleen may become enlarged—a condition called *splenomegaly* (splee-nuh-MEG-uh-lee). This is a common finding in people with MF. In some people with MF, enlargement of the spleen may be a sign of disease progression, which means that your MF is changing or getting worse.

It's important to work with your care team to regularly **keep track of any changes** in your spleen size or spleen-related symptoms, which may include:

- Abdominal discomfort
- Pain under the left ribs
- An early feeling of fullness when eating (early satiety)—even if you haven't eaten much food

During an in-person MF care visit, your Healthcare Professional can physically check your spleen size by gently feeling your left upper abdominal area, just below the left rib cage, to determine if there have been any changes in spleen size. He or she may also order an imaging test, such as an ultrasound, CT scan, or MRI, to provide a more accurate measure.







Computed tomography (CT), also called a CT scan



Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)

Before your next MF care visit, ask yourself the following questions and share your responses with your Healthcare Professional:

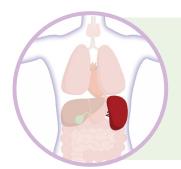
Do you feel full quickly after meals?

Are you losing weight unintentionally, and if so, how much weight have you lost over the last 6 months?

Do you have abdominal discomfort, particularly after eating? If so, how often does this occur?

Do you find it difficult to get into a comfortable position for sleeping because of abdominal discomfort when lying down?

Do you experience dull or sharp pain under the left ribs or in your abdomen?



Partner With Your Care Team to Help Identify Spleen Enlargement in MF

It's important to partner with your care team to regularly keep track of any changes in your spleen size or spleen-related symptoms. Talk with your Healthcare Professional about **establishing your individual "baseline" spleen size** as early on as possible—ideally, at diagnosis—and ask about having your spleen size checked on a regular basis, throughout your MF journey.

Learn more about spleen enlargement in MF. Read Myelofibrosis, Spleen Size & You at Jakafi.com/MFspleenInfo.



Review and Share Your MF Tracking Information



An important goal of MF treatment is to reduce your symptoms. That's why keeping track of your condition over time can be so important. **Keeping ongoing, detailed records about your condition can help you more easily identify when something has changed**. Tracking various aspects of your MF (including symptoms, blood counts, changes in spleen size and medical procedures) also helps ensure that you don't have to rely on memory alone when it's time to share observations with your care team.

You can use the following checklist to **prepare your tracking information** before your next MF care visit:



Gather all of the information you've used to keep track of your MF, such as a tracking diary, notebook, or online tracker tool



Be sure to **document any questions you may have** about your tracking results or any observations that you want to discuss



If you track your MF on your smartphone, be sure to have your phone with you for your appointment, and make sure that it's fully charged and easy to access during your in-person or telehealth appointment



Have a pen and notebook available to **jot down notes** from your discussion with your care team





Remember, having an informed discussion with your Healthcare Professional about your tracking results can also help you both understand how your MF is affecting you. This can help you partner with your care team in determining how to manage or adjust your care over time.



Know That You're All on the Same Team



As someone living with MF, you likely have a **team of Healthcare Professionals** that includes a variety of care providers, which may include:

Hematologist:	25	Nurse/Nurse Practitioner:	Vo	Primary Care Physician:
Name		Name	O	Name
Phone		Phone		Phone
Practice/Email		Practice/Email		Practice/Email
Oncologist:		Myeloproliferative Neoplasm (MPN) Specialist:	+	Other:
Name		Name		Name
Phone		Phone		Phone
Practice/Email		Practice/Email		Practice/Email

It's important to know that your entire care team is working together toward the same goal—which is helping ensure that you have the best possible care for you. You can help ensure that all of your Healthcare Professionals know about each other—and can communicate with each other as part of a comprehensive, coordinated care team.



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Speak Up if You Want or Need a Summary



At the end of your visit, it's important to make sure that your questions have been answered and that you understand the topics that you have just discussed. If desired, you may want to **request a summary of your visit** to be sure that you fully understand any changes and next steps.



An appointment summary can help you:

- Define next steps and follow-up items
 - If you had a telehealth appointment, be sure to confirm if any follow-up items require an in-person visit (eg, to check your spleen size)
 - If you had an in-person appointment, find out which, if any, upcoming appointments may be handled via telehealth (eg, to review lab results)
 - Clarify any changes in your current care management approach
 - Reinforce key takeaways



Remember, this is *your* MF care appointment, so be sure to speak up if a recap of your discussion would be helpful to you.



Schedule Your Follow-Up Appointment(s)



It's important to see your MF care team on a regular basis. How often that happens depends on your individual care management plan.

When scheduling your next MF care appointment, consider the following:



Ask how often you need to be seen



Record appointments in your calendar, smartphone, or notebook



Schedule **several care visits** in advance, if possible, for added convenience



Coordinate your schedule with your loved one or caregiver, if you want them to accompany you to your appointments



Confirm if you will also need to schedule additional medical appointments, such as bloodwork or imaging studies



Ask about the availability of telehealth appointments to supplement in-office visits

 Confirm continued telehealth coverage with your private healthcare insurance company, if applicable



Discover What May Be Possible With Jakafi



When it comes to moving your MF treatment journey forward, the path you take depends on your individual circumstances—as well as the decisions you make with your Healthcare Professional.



Discover what's possible with Jakafi® (ruxolitinib)—the first FDA-approved prescription medicine for adults with intermediate or highrisk MF.

Learn more about Jakafi at Jakafi.com/DiscoverMF



Jakafi® (ruxolitinib) can cause serious side effects including low blood counts and infection. Some people who take Jakafi have developed certain types of non-melanoma skin cancers. Increases in blood cholesterol levels can also occur. The most common side effects of Jakafi for certain types of MF and PV include: low platelet or red blood cell counts, bruising, dizziness, headache, and diarrhea. Tell your doctor about any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away. These are not all the possible side effects of Jakafi. Ask your pharmacist or doctor for more information.



INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Jakafi is a prescription medicine used to treat adults with intermediate or high-risk myelofibrosis (MF), including primary MF, post-polycythemia vera MF and post-essential thrombocythemia MF.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

Jakafi can cause serious side effects, including:

Low blood counts: Jakafi® (ruxolitinib) may cause your platelet, red blood cell, or white blood cell counts to be lowered. If you develop bleeding, stop taking Jakafi and call your healthcare provider. Your healthcare provider will perform blood tests to check your blood counts before you start Jakafi and regularly during your treatment. Your healthcare provider may change your dose of Jakafi or stop your treatment based on the results of your blood tests. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you develop or have worsening symptoms such as unusual bleeding, bruising, tiredness, shortness of breath, or a fever.

Infection: You may be at risk for developing a serious infection during treatment with Jakafi. Tell your healthcare provider if you develop any of the following symptoms of infection: chills, nausea, vomiting, aches, weakness, fever, painful skin rash or blisters.

Skin cancers: Some people who take Jakafi have developed certain types of non-melanoma skin cancers. Tell your healthcare provider if you develop any new or changing skin lesions.

Increases in cholesterol: You may have changes in your blood cholesterol levels. Your healthcare provider will do blood tests to check your cholesterol levels during your treatment with Jakafi.

The most common side effects of Jakafi include: for certain types of MF and PV – low platelet or red blood cell counts, bruising, dizziness, headache, and diarrhea; and for acute GVHD – low platelet, red or white blood cell counts, infections, and fluid retention.

These are not all the possible side effects of Jakafi. Ask your pharmacist or healthcare provider for more information. Tell your healthcare provider about any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away.

Before taking Jakafi, tell your healthcare provider about: all the medications, vitamins, and herbal supplements you are taking and all your medical conditions, including if you have an infection, have or had tuberculosis (TB) or have been in close contact with someone who has TB, have or had hepatitis B, have or had liver or kidney problems, are on dialysis, have high cholesterol or triglycerides, had skin cancer, or have any other medical condition. Take Jakafi exactly as your healthcare provider tells you. Do not change your dose or stop taking Jakafi without first talking to your healthcare provider.

Women should not take Jakafi while pregnant or planning to become pregnant. Do not breastfeed during treatment with Jakafi and for 2 weeks after the final dose.

Please see the <u>Full Prescribing Information</u>, which includes a more complete discussion of the risks associated with Jakafi.

You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch, or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

You may also report side effects to Incyte Medical Information at 1-855-463-3463.







